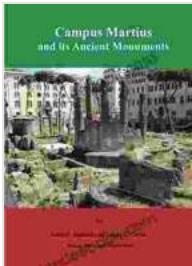


Campus Martius and Its Ancient Monuments: A Self-Guided Walking Tour of Rome's Ruins

Campus Martius was the heart of ancient Rome. It was a vast, open plain that lay just outside the city walls, and it was used for military training, athletic competitions, and public assemblies. Over time, Campus Martius became home to a number of important temples, theaters, and other public buildings, and it eventually became one of the most densely populated areas of Rome.



Campus Martius and Its Ancient Monuments (Rome in Ruins -- Self-Guided Walks Book 2) by Javier Martinez Paguaga

4.7 out of 5

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Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 92 pages
Lending	: Enabled

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Today, Campus Martius is still a vibrant district, but many of its ancient ruins can still be seen. This self-guided walking tour will lead you through some of the most important sites in Campus Martius, and it will give you a glimpse into the grandeur of Rome's past.

The Pantheon

The Pantheon is one of the most iconic buildings in Rome. It was built in the 2nd century AD as a temple to all the gods, and it is still one of the largest and most impressive domed structures in the world. The Pantheon's interior is decorated with beautiful frescoes and mosaics, and it is a popular tourist destination.



The Ara Pacis

The Ara Pacis is an altar that was built in the 1st century BC to celebrate the return of Augustus from his campaigns in Gaul and Spain. The altar is decorated with beautiful reliefs that depict scenes from Augustus's life and reign, and it is considered to be one of the finest examples of Roman art.

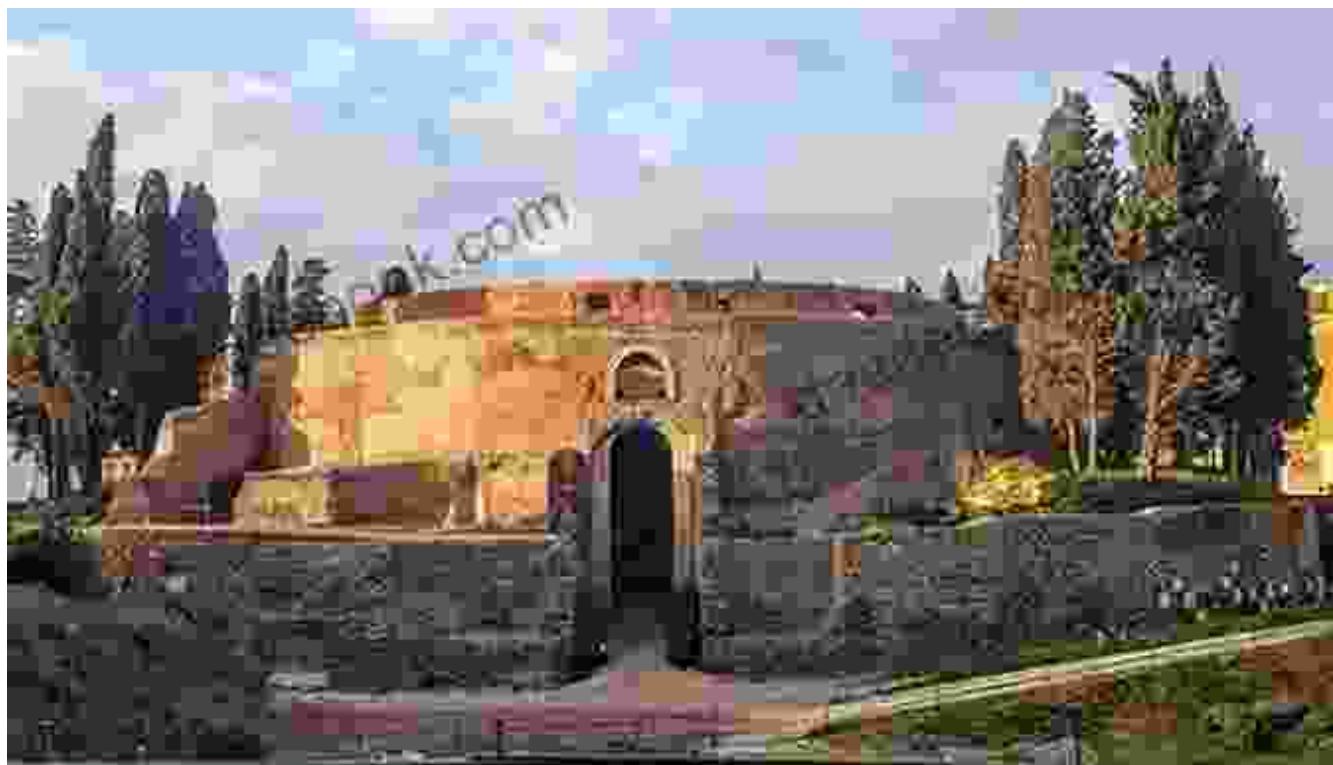


The Ara Pacis is considered to be one of the finest examples of Roman art.

The Mausoleum of Augustus

The Mausoleum of Augustus is a large, circular tomb that was built in the 1st century BC for the emperor Augustus and his family. The mausoleum is made of concrete and brick, and it is decorated with marble and travertine.

It was once one of the largest buildings in Rome, and it is still an impressive sight today.



The Baths of Agrippa

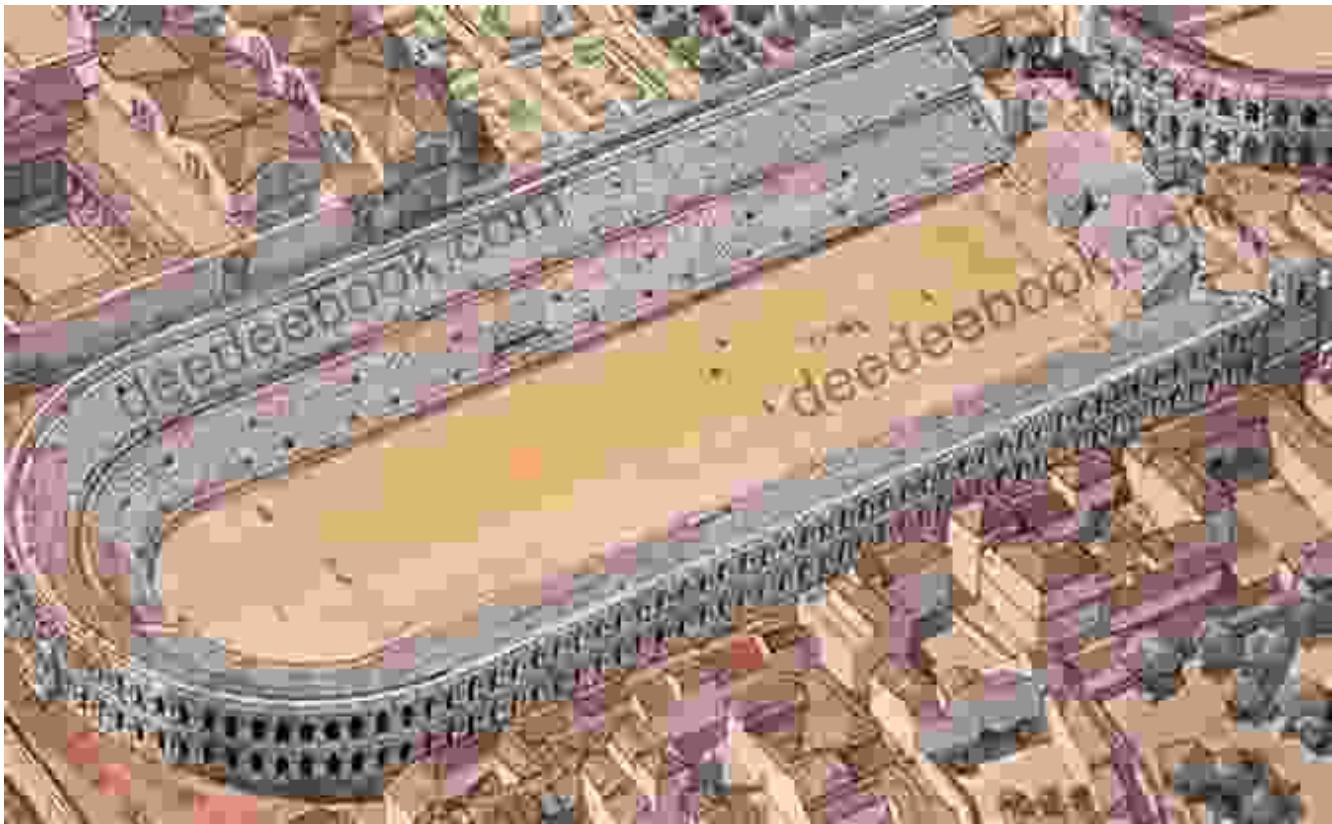
The Baths of Agrippa were a large public bath complex that was built in the 1st century BC. The baths were one of the most popular public spaces in Rome, and they were used by people of all social classes. The baths were heated by a system of hypocausts, and they were decorated with beautiful frescoes and mosaics.



The Baths of Agrippa were one of the most popular public spaces in Rome.

The Stadio di Domiziano

The Stadio di Domiziano is a large stadium that was built in the 1st century AD by the emperor Domitian. The stadium was used for athletic competitions, and it could hold up to 30,000 spectators. The stadium is still in use today, and it is home to the Italian National Olympic Committee.



The Largo di Torre Argentina

The Largo di Torre Argentina is a large square that is located in the heart of Campus Martius. The square is home to the ruins of four Roman temples, and it is also the site of the assassination of Julius Caesar. The Largo di Torre Argentina is a popular tourist destination, and it is a great place to learn about the history of Rome.



The Largo di Torre Argentina is a popular tourist destination.

The Teatro di Pompeo

The Teatro di Pompeo was a large theater that was built in the 1st century BC by the general Pompey the Great. The theater was one of the largest in Rome, and it could hold up to 17,000 spectators. The theater was used for dramatic performances, and it was also the site of gladiatorial contests.



The Crypta Balbi

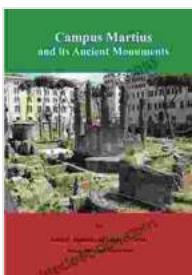
The Crypta Balbi is a large, underground room that was built in the 1st century BC. The room was used as a meeting place for the Roman Senate, and it is one of the best-preserved examples of Roman architecture. The Crypta Balbi is now a museum, and it is a popular tourist destination.



The Crypta Balbi is now a museum.

This self-guided walking tour of Campus Martius will give you a glimpse into the grandeur of

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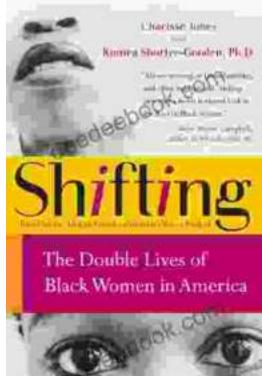
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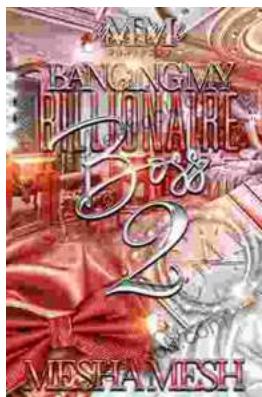
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